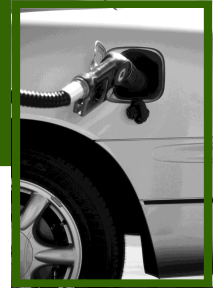


Most Fuel Efficient Vehicles 2009-10



Fuel efficiency is an important consideration in the purchase of a new vehicle. Whether you prefer driving a car, an SUV or a pick-up truck, there are several fuel efficient models to choose from and most of these are available at Greater Sudbury vehicle dealerships.

Small Cars

These compact/subcompact cars have fuel consumption ratings ≤ 8.0 L/100 km or ≥ 35 mpg in the city:

- **Honda Civic Hybrid**
- **Smart For Two**
- **Toyota Yaris**
- Toyota Corolla
- Kia Rio
- Hyundai Accent



Mid-Size Cars

These mid-size cars have fuel consumption ratings ≤ 8.0 L/100 km or ≥ 35 mpg in the city:

- **Toyota Prius Hybrid**
- Nissan Altima Hybrid
- Toyota Camry Hybrid
- Nissan Versa
- Chevrolet Malibu Hybrid
- Nissan Sentra



Large Sedans and Station Wagons

These large cars and station wagons have fuel consumption ratings ≤ 9.5 L/100 km or ≥ 30 mpg in the city:

- **Volkswagen Jetta Wagon — clean diesel**
- **Volkswagen Golf Wagon — clean diesel**
- **Hyundai Sonata**
- **Honda Accord**
- **Audi A3**
- Honda Fit
- Toyota Corolla Matrix



Pick-up Trucks

These pick-up trucks have fuel consumption ratings ≤ 11 L/100 km or ≥ 27 mpg in the city:

- **Mazda B2300**
- **Ford Ranger**
- Chevrolet Silverado Hybrid
- GMC Sierra Hybrid
- Nissan Frontier (manual only)
- Toyota Tacoma (manual only)



Mini-Vans

This mini-van has a fuel consumption rating ≤ 10 L/100 km or ≥ 29 mpg in the city:

- **Mazda 5**

(No other mini-vans achieve this fuel consumption)



SUVs/Cross-overs

These SUVs and crossovers have fuel consumption ratings ≤ 9.5 L/100 km or ≥ 30 mpg in the city:

- **Ford Escape Hybrid**
- Toyota Highlander Hybrid
- Jeep Compass
- Jeep Patriot



Notes:

Highlighted vehicles received the 2009 and/or 2010 ecoEnergy for Personal Vehicles Awards for the most fuel efficient vehicles in their class. Fuel consumption information was obtained from the Natural Resources Canada Fuel Consumption Guide 2009. Unless otherwise specified, fuel consumption ratings are for 2-wheel drive automatic models and the smallest engine size available for each model. Manual models are generally more fuel efficient, while larger engine sizes and 4-wheel or all-wheel drive vehicles are less fuel efficient. Photographs obtained from Natural Resources Canada ecoEnergy for Personal Vehicles.